for taking further action in the matter.

(c) The notified price of Analgin which is Rs. 3iy- per kg. was taken into consideration while fixing the prices of formulations based on Analgin. However, incidental charges @ 8% which covers sales tax, octroi etc. have been allowed in relevant cases.

Fixation of prices of Nalidixic Acid

2040. SHRI BEKAL UTSAHI: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 828 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 19th March, 1990 and state:

(a) what is the landed cost of import of Nalidixic Acid on which formulation prices were fixed in 1974, 1986 and 1989;

(b) what was the quantity imported by each forrtjulator during the last three years, yearwise, CIF import price and source of imports;

(c) whether it is a fact that the price of Wintomycin Suspension is being overcharged;

(d) what is the price at which 5 ml. pack is being sold at present;

(e) what are the names of indigenous producers of Nalidixic Acid anc" what was the production of each during the last three years, yearwise;

(f) what are the reasons for which his Ministry have not been able to fix the price of Nalidixic Acid under DPCO, 1987 so far; and

(g) when was the last price fixed and on whose* production cost study was done?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI M.S. GURUPADASWAMY): (a) The requisite information is being collected from the Bureau of Industrial Costs & Prices (BICP).

(b) The company-wise imports are not available with the Government. However, imports statistics of Nalidixic Acid for the last three years including the landed cost is given below:—

Year	Quantity (Mts)	Value (Rs./lakhs)
1986-87	19.85	294.48
1987-88	28.56	457.93
1988-89	10.08	131.26

(c) and (d)The requisite information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Rajya Sabha.

(e) *MA.* Ranbaxy Ltd. are the only indigenous producer of Nalidixic Acid as per available information, they have reported a production of 2000 kgs. upto December, 1989 during the year 1989-90.

(f) and (g) The BICP has yet to complete the Cost-cum-Technical Study for Nalidixic Acid. After the study is completed, the price of Nalidixic Acid under Drugs (Prices Control) order, 1987
will be fixed.

Examination of Reports on Drugs

2041. DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the reports of the groups teams and committees set up by his Mjnistry during the last three years were examined by the former
Development Commissioner (PI) who is at present working in his Ministry;

(b) whether it is.also a fact that their members were also chosen by him or at his instance;

(c) what are the reports which he himself examined;

(d) whether it is also a fact that his Ministry have found a number of irregularities in Jhe reports.

(e) if so, what are the details of irregularities;

(f) whether his Ministry have taken any steps to re-examine these reports; and

(g) if so, by when?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI M.S. GURUPADASWAMY): (a) to (c) The groups, teams and committees were set up by this Ministry to go into the specific issues and were examined by the Govt.

(d) Some anomalies and discrepancies have been found in the reports of some committees and teams.

(c) to (g) These arc being re-examined. With regard to list of price-controlled drugs, a permanent body in the shape of Standing Committee has been constituted, which goes into such anomalies arid discrepancies.

Sales Turnover of Bulk Vitamins

2042. DR. RATNAXAR PANDEY. Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 731 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 14th May, 1990 and state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the annual sales turnover of each of the bulk vitamins is more than rupees fifty lakhs;

(b) whether it is also a fact that none of the bulk vitamir.s is being produced by the five producers;

(c) whether it is also a fact that none of the bulk vitamins fulfil any of the five exclusion criteria laid down by Kelkar Committee;

(d) if so, how vitamin Bl, B2 and B12 E, P, D3, Folic Acid, Nicotinic Acid and Niscinamidc have been price decontrolled; and

(c) what is the price indicated for price decontrolled vitamin bulk in the break-up submitted to his Ministry by producers as required under DPCO, 1987?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI M.S. GURUPADASWAMY): (a) Yes, Sir, except for Vitamin E and Nicotinic Acid.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) and (d) The inclusion/exclusion of drugs in the Scheduled Categories under Drugs (Prices Control) Order, 1987 is based on the recommendation contained in the Main as well as Supplementary Report of the Kelkar Committee which was accepted by the then Covernment.

(e) The information to the extent available would be collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Theft of electricity

2043. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) what is the estimated percentage of electricity loss due to theft of electricity; and

(b) what steps Government propose to take to prevent such losses?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI M.S. GURUPADASWAMY): (a) and (b) The transmission and distribution losses (including commercial losses such as pilferage etc.) in India are about 22%.

Comprehensive guidelines have been issued to the Power Utilities for reducing the losses. These include *inter alia,* conducting energy audit for identifying the system elements responsible for excessive losses, installing capacitors to improve the voltage profile, preparation of system improvement schemes for strengthening and improvement of their transmission and distribution systems, installing tamper proof meter boxes to check theft of energy and setting up vigilance squads to detects cases of theft of energy. The theft of energy has been made a cognizable offenge under the provisions of Section 29 of Indian Electricity Act, 1910. An Incentive Scheme was introduced by the Government of India with effect from the year 1987 for bringing about reduction in the Transmission and Distribution losses.

Based on the guidelines the Power Utilities have set up vigilance squads and